

Emergency Health Service Delivery

PROVIDING BASIC PRIMARY HEALTH CARE SERVICES TO INTERNALLY DISPLACED PEOPLE IN SOUTH SUDAN

FUNDING LEVEL

\$2 million • 2014-Present

DONOR

United States Agency for International Development Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA)

PARTNERS

Ministry of Health - Government of South Sudan

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS

- Treated an average of 14,000 patients per month at the project's supported sites (nine mobile clinics and two outreach sites)
- Delivered 4,716 long-lasting insecticide-treated mosquito nets (LLINS) to project sites
- Cholera surveillance and prevention team sent to Upper Nile and Jonglei states to train on prevention, reporting and case management. One case was detected in a county served by the mobile clinic
- Trauma/hospital care: seven doctors approved by State Ministry to provide secondary services to IDPs for Jonglei State
- Nearly 130 reproductive health personnel trained
- Oxytocin, Misoprostol, and UNFPA kits distributed at all 11 sites
- \$105,000 supplementary grant secured to reinforce RH services at one OFDA-supported facility in Minkeman
- Information and education materials were distributed and posted at clinic sites by community health workers (CHWs), who also provided health education to clinic patients

BACKGROUND

The South Sudan states of Jonglei and Upper Nile endure both significant health needs and the country's highest levels of acute and emergency food insecurity; in Jonglei, 70% of the 1.7 million state population is affected, while in Upper Nile 46% of the 1.3 million population is affected.

IMA World Health has been working in South Sudan since 2008 to improve access to health services in Jonglei and Upper Nile states. To meet the emergency health and nutrition needs of local populations and Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) caused by the conflict initiated in December 2013 IMA has been working with partners to provide vital primary health care and



IMA World Health (IMA) supported treatment of an average of 14,000 patients per month at nine mobile clinics and two outreach sites.

emergency services through the establishment of nine mobile clinics and two outreach sites in Upper Nile and Jonglei.

PROJECT APPROACH

Beginning in April 2014 and with funding from USAID's Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance, IMA and its partners are providing basic primary health care services, as well as emergency health services to serve a target population of 210,000 IDPs in Bor (Jonglei) and Malakal (Upper Nile) counties.

In September 2014 this project's mandate expanded to include support for the integrated management of malnutrition among the most vulnerable populations in Ayod, Pigi, and Duk counties in Jonglei State.

The four components of the integrated management of malnutrition approach include:

1. Community outreach for early detection and treatment of acute malnutrition
2. Establishing stabilization centers for children with severe acute malnutrition (SAM)
3. Establishing outpatient management services for children with SAM
4. Establishing a supplementary feeding program for children with moderate acute malnutrition (MAM), discharged SAM patients, and at-risk pregnant and lactating women.